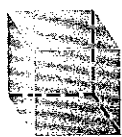


# Solid Figures

Name \_\_\_\_\_



cube



pyramid



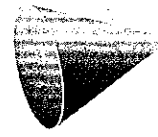
rectangular  
prism



cylinder



sphere



cone

Write the name of the solid figure each object is shaped like.

1.



cube

2.



3.



4.



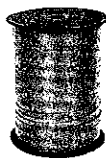
5.



6.



7.



8.



Write the name of the figure.

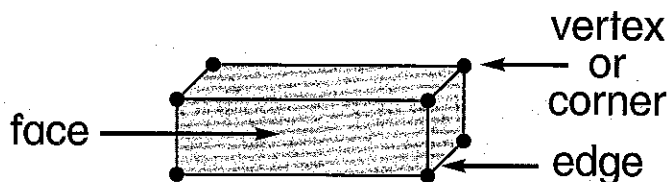
9. It has 1 curved surface and 1 flat surface. \_\_\_\_\_




10. It has 6 flat surfaces that are  
the same shape and the same size. \_\_\_\_\_

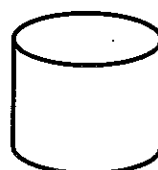
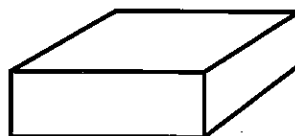
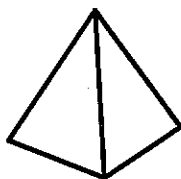
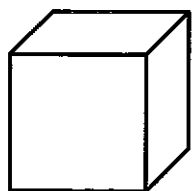
# Faces, Edges, Vertices

Name \_\_\_\_\_

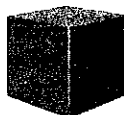
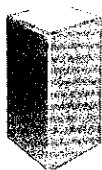
Solid figures that cannot roll have faces, edges, and vertices.



1. Color the faces you see 
2. Trace the edges you see 
3. Put a  ● on each vertex you see.



4. Circle the figures that have 12 edges.



5. Circle the figures that do not have any square faces.



6. Circle the figure that has only one vertex.

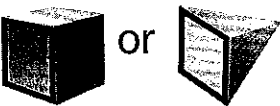





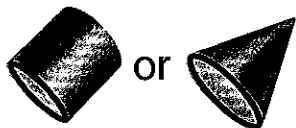



7. Circle the figures that have no vertices.




# Explore Plane Figures

Name \_\_\_\_\_

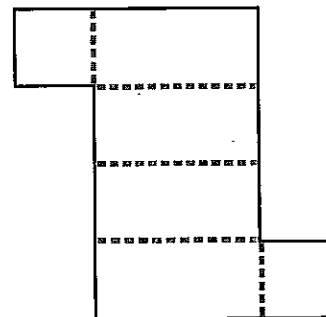
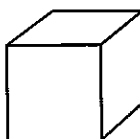
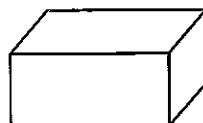
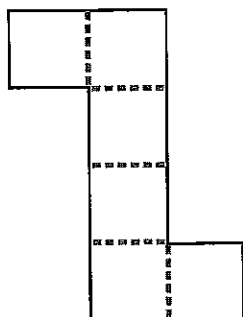
<p>Use a</p>  <p>or</p> <p>to make a</p>  <p>square.</p>	<p>Use a</p>  <p>to make a</p>  <p>rectangle.</p>	<p>Use a</p>  <p>to make a</p>  <p>triangle.</p>	<p>Use a</p>  <p>or</p> <p>to make a</p>  <p>circle.</p>
--	---	--	--

Trace the flat surfaces of the shapes. Write how many.

	Solid Figure	Shapes of Flat Surfaces Traced	Number of Flat Surfaces
1.	cylinder		2
2.	cube		
3.	rectangular prism		
4.	pyramid		

Imagine folding these flat surfaces on the dashed lines. Draw a line to the solid figure that these flat surfaces would make.

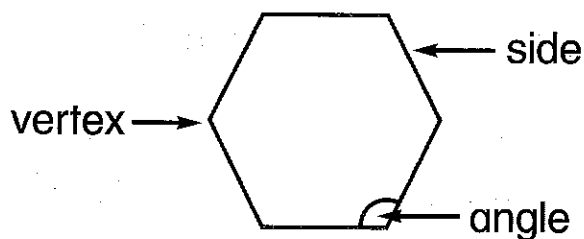
5.



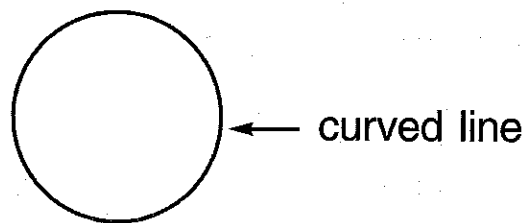
# Plane Figures

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Plane figures with straight lines have sides, vertices, and angles.

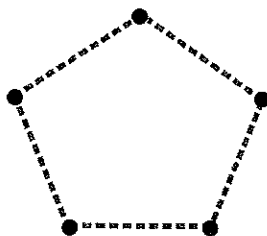


Plane figures with curved lines have 0 sides, 0 vertices, and 0 angles.



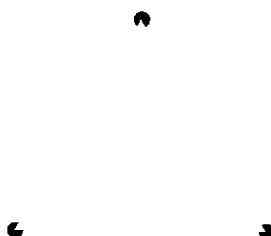
Draw lines to make each closed plane figure.  
Write how many sides, vertices, and angles.

1. pentagon



5 sides  
5 vertices  
5 angles

2. triangle



\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_ vertices  
\_\_\_\_ angles

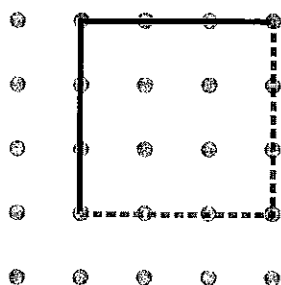
3. rectangle



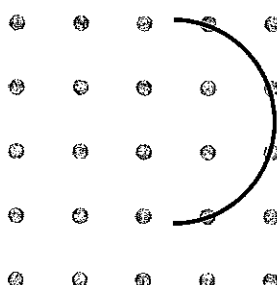
\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_ vertices  
\_\_\_\_ angles

Draw each figure on the dot paper below.

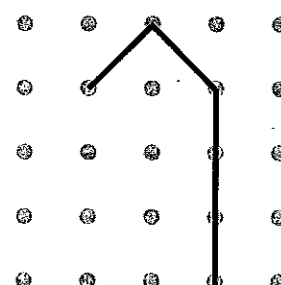
4. square



5. circle



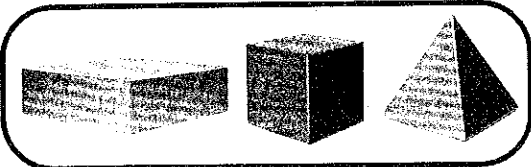
6. pentagon



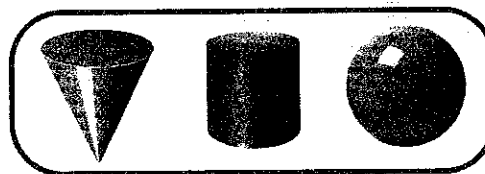
# Sort Figures

Name \_\_\_\_\_

These solid figures have flat surfaces and edges.



These solid figures have curved surfaces and no edges.



1. Circle figures that have at least one vertex.



2. Circle figures with more than one face.



3. Circle figures with curved and flat surfaces.



4. Circle figures with 5 or more faces.

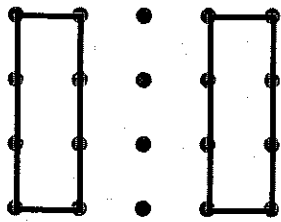


5. Circle figures that have no vertices.

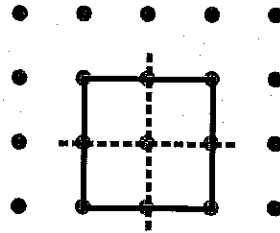


# Congruent Figures; Lines of Symmetry

Name \_\_\_\_\_



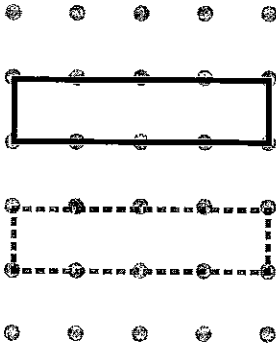
congruent  
figures



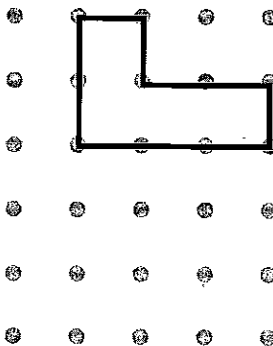
more than one  
line of symmetry

Draw a figure that is congruent to the given figure.

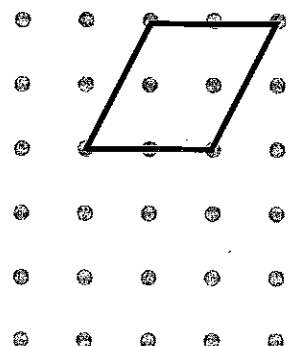
1.



2.

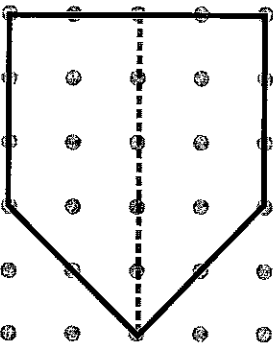


3.

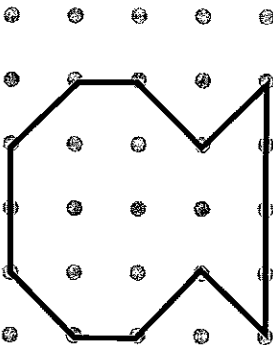


Draw one line of symmetry.

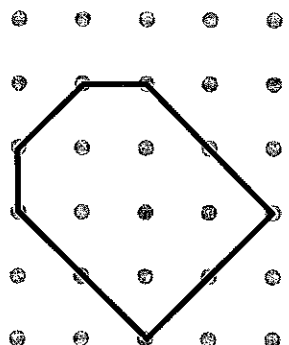
4.



5.

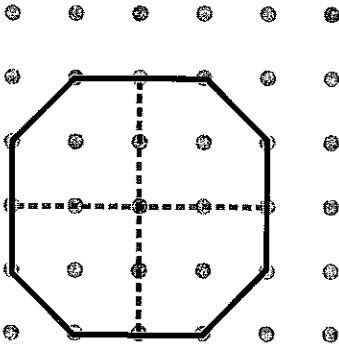


6.

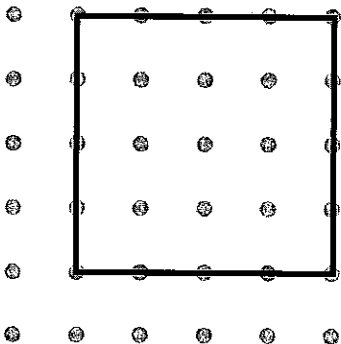


Draw all the lines of symmetry for each figure.

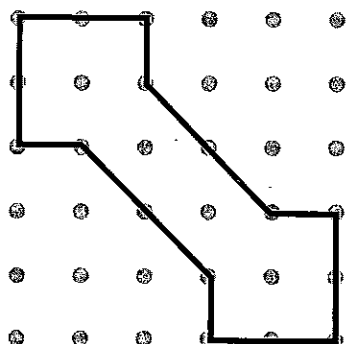
7.



8.

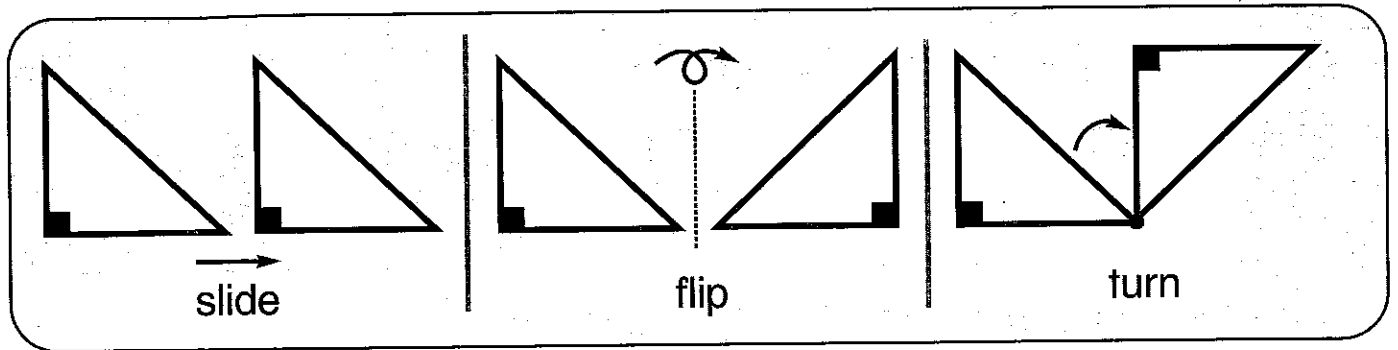


9.

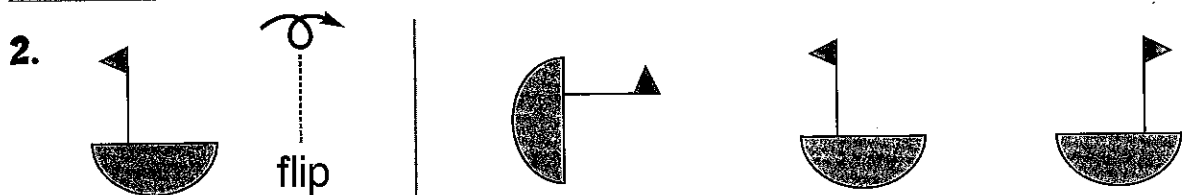
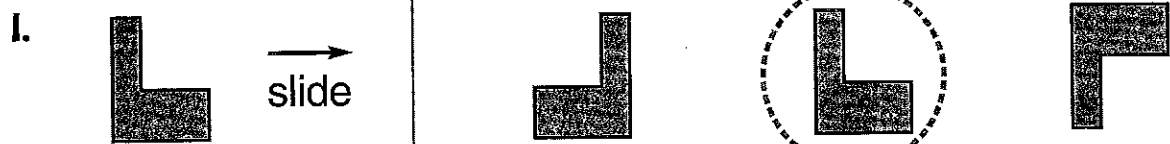


# Slides and Flips; Turns

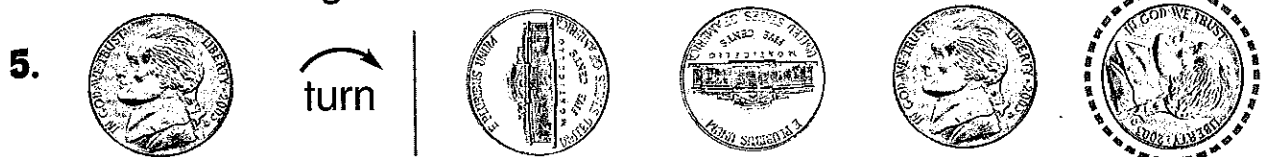
Name \_\_\_\_\_



Circle to predict the position of the figure after it is moved.



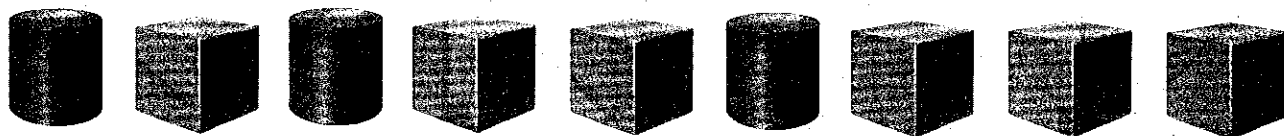
Circle the next figure in the slide, flip, or turn pattern.



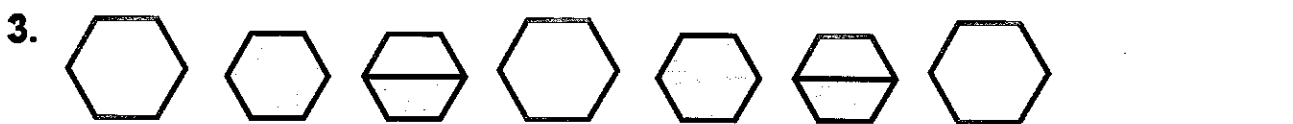
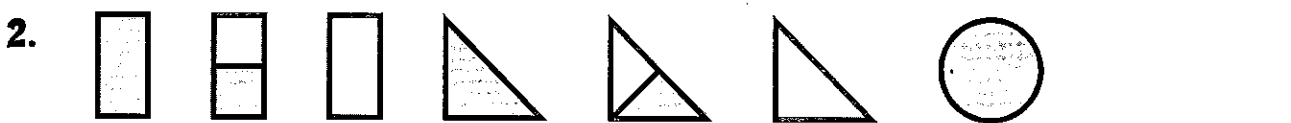
# Find a Pattern

Name \_\_\_\_\_

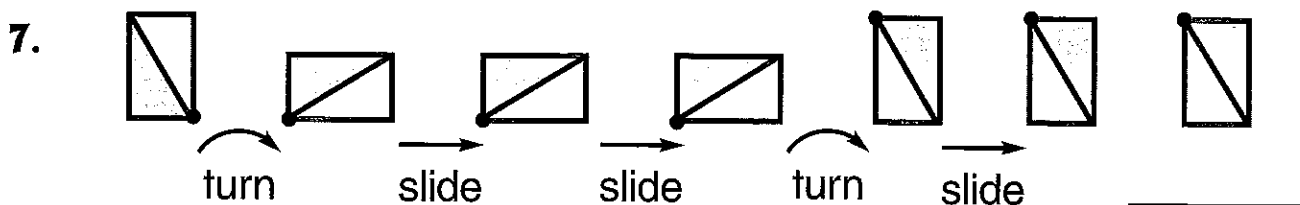
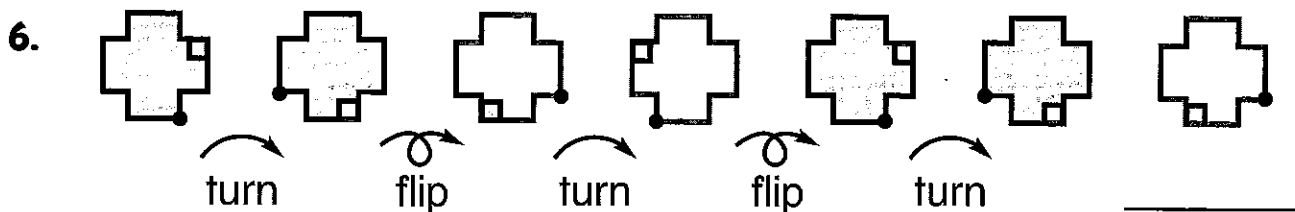
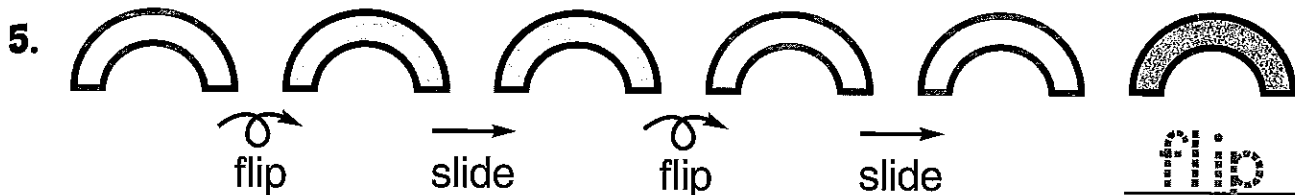
You can use shapes to make patterns.



Draw the figure that is most likely to come next.



Name and color the next move in each pattern.

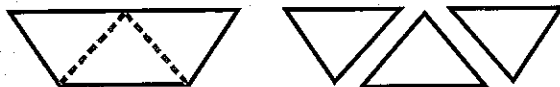




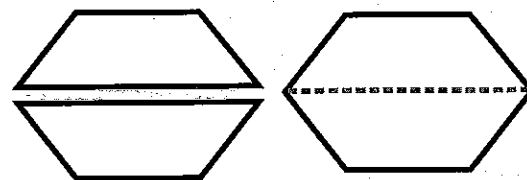
# Ways to Make Figures

Name \_\_\_\_\_

You can separate a trapezoid into 3 triangles.



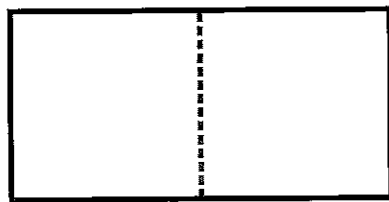
You can put together 2 trapezoids to make 1 hexagon.



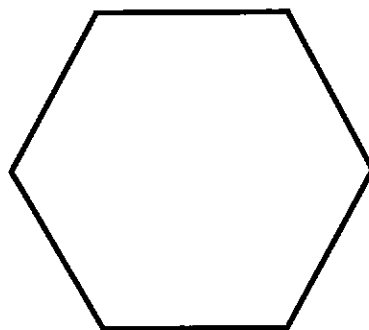
Use pattern blocks to cover each figure.

Trace the blocks to separate the figure into  $\square$ ,  $\triangle$ , or  $\text{trapezoid}$ .

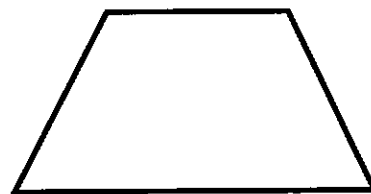
1. Use  $\square$ .



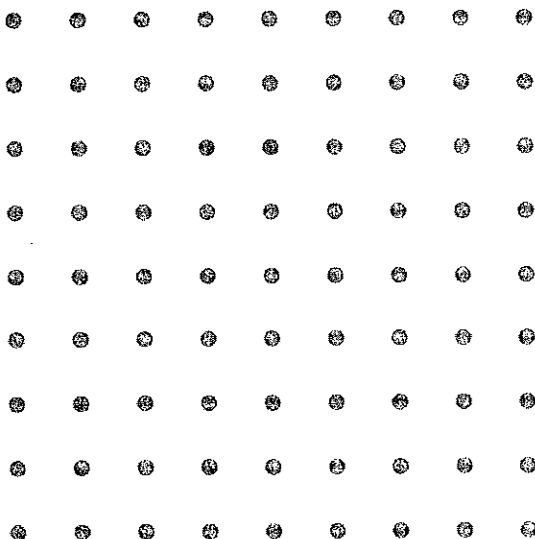
2. Use  $\triangle$  and  $\text{trapezoid}$ .



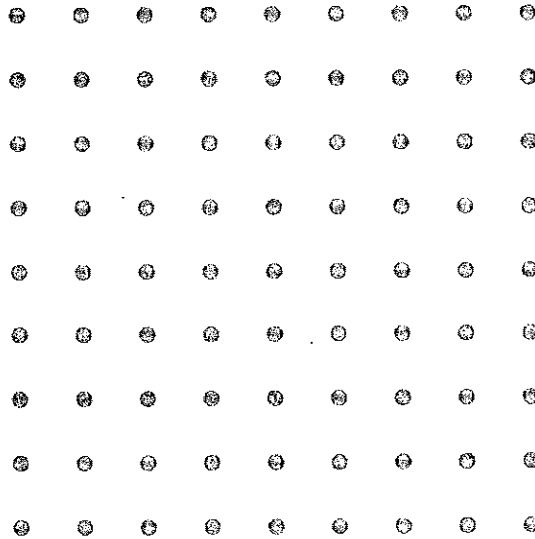
3. Use  $\triangle$ .



4. Draw a triangle and a square to make a pentagon.



5. Draw 6 triangles to make a hexagon.



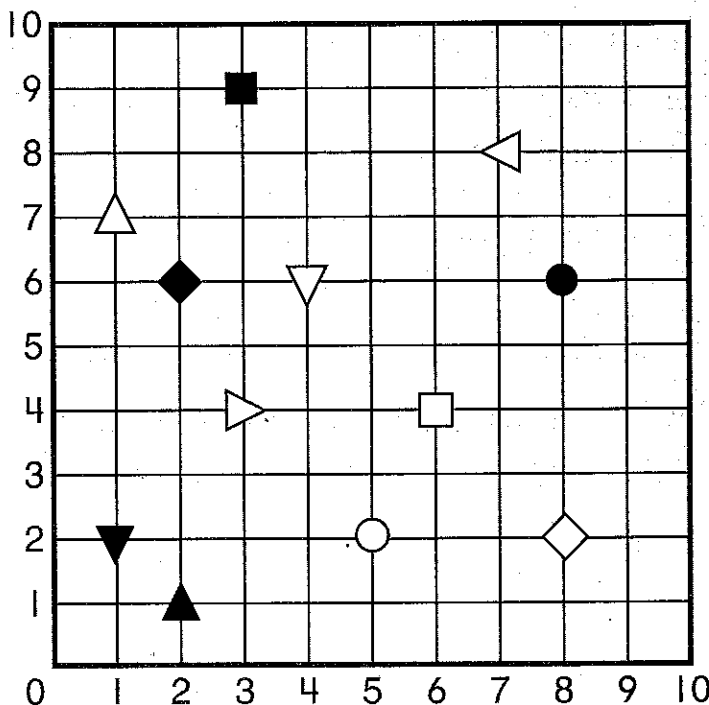
# Ordered Pairs

Name \_\_\_\_\_




Look at the grid.  
What figure is at point (5, 2)?




To find out,  
1. Start at 0.  
2. Move across.  
3. Move up.

The ○ is at point (5, 2).



Use the grid above. Write the ordered pair for each figure.

1.  ( 8, 2 ) | 2.  (     ,      ) | 3.  (     ,      )

4.  (     ,      ) | 5.  (     ,      ) | 6.  (     ,      )

Draw the figure at each point.

7. (2, 1)



8. (1, 2)

9. (8, 6)

10. (4, 6)

11. (3, 9)

12. (1, 7)

13. (3, 4)

14. (2, 6)

15. (7, 8)

# Problem-Solving Strategy: Use a Pattern

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Read**

How can you show this pattern using letters or colors?



**Plan**

Look for the pattern rule.

Use the same rule to make a new pattern with letters, then with colors.

The rule is 1 figure, then 1 of a different figure, then 1 of a third figure.

You can show the same pattern in different ways.

**Write**



A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C

**Check**

Do the letters and colors follow the same pattern rule?

Show each pattern another way.

1.



Use colors.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

2.



Use letters.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

3.

C D C C D D C C C D D D

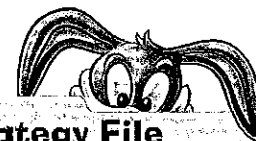
Use figures.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

# Problem-Solving Applications: Mixed Strategies

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Read** **Plan** **Write** **Check**



## Strategy File

Use Logical Reasoning  
Choose the Operation  
Use More Than One Step  
Use a Pattern

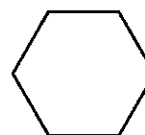
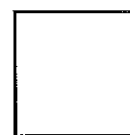
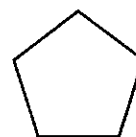
Use a strategy you have learned.

1. There are 31 bananas in a barrel.  
Mara uses 6 bananas for lunch.  
She puts a dozen more bananas into the barrel.  
How many bananas are in the barrel then?



\_\_\_\_\_ bananas are in the barrel then.

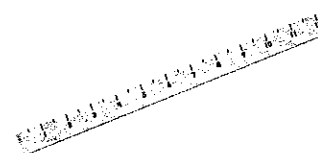
2. Sal's puzzle piece has more than 5 sides.  
Del's has 2 less corners than Sal's.  
Color Sal's puzzle piece blue, Del's piece  
yellow, and Trudy's piece red.



3. Todd writes an even number.  
It has more ones than tens.  
Circle Todd's number.

67    44    12    86

4. Gil finds 19 rulers in the supply closet.  
He gives 6 rulers to his classmates.  
How many rulers are in the supply closet then?



There are \_\_\_\_\_ rulers in the closet.

5. Show the same pattern with letters or colors.

